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January 9, 2018

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## <u>Notice Concerning Revision of Operating Forecast and Forecast of Dividend</u> <u>for the Fiscal Year Ended December 2017 (18th Period), and</u> <u>Operating Forecast and Forecast of Dividend for the Fiscal Year Ending December 2018 (19th Period)</u>

Japan Hotel REIT Investment Corporation (hereinafter called "JHR") informs you of the revision of the operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the full year of the fiscal year ended December 2017 (January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017), which was announced in the "Midterm Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2017" dated August 22, 2017, and newly informs you of the operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018 (January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018) as follows:

1. Revision of the operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the full year of the fiscal year ended December 2017 (January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017)

	Operating revenue	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Dividend per unit (Excess of earnings exclusive)	Dividend per unit resulting from excess of earnings
Previous forecast	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY	JPY
(A)	25,573	15,523	13,693	13,692	3,590	0
Revised forecast	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY	JPY
(B)	25,482	15,754	13,996	13,994	3,680	0
Variance	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY	JPY
(C) = (B) - (A)	(91)	230	302	302	90	0
Variance	%	%	%	%	%	%
(D)=(C)/(A)	(0.4)	1.5	2.2	2.2	2.5	0.0

(Reference) Forecast of net income per unit for the full year: ¥3,603

(Calculated based on the average number of investment units during the period (3,883,679 units))

- (\*1) Dividend per unit is calculated based on the number of investment units issued as of today: 4,010,847units.
- (\*2) Reserve for temporary difference adjustment in the amount of ¥768 million is planned to be allocated as a part of dividend payment.
- (\*3) Amounts are rounded down to the nearest millions of yen, and percentage figures are rounded off to one decimal place.

Note:



2. Operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018)

	Operating revenue	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Dividend per unit (Excess of earnings exclusive)	Dividend per unit resulting from excess of earnings
Fiscal year ending December 2018	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY	JPY
Midterm	12,177	7,098	6,242	6,242	—	—
Fiscal year ending December 2018	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY1M	JPY	JPY
Full year	26,567	16,094	14,295	14,294	3,705	0

(Reference) Forecast of net income per unit for the full year: ¥3,564

(Calculated based on the forecast of the average number of investment units during the period (4,010,847 units))

- (\*1) Dividend per unit is calculated based on the number of investment units issued as of today: 4,010,847 units.
- (\*2) Reserve for temporary difference adjustment in the amount of ¥565 million is planned to be allocated as a part of dividend payment.
- (\*3) For the assumptions of the operating forecast above, please see "<Reference Information> Assumptions of the operating forecast for the full year of the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period)" below.
- (\*4) Amounts are rounded down to the nearest millions of yen, and percentage figures are rounded off to one decimal place.
- 3. Rationale for the revisions of the operating forecast for the full year of the fiscal year ended December 2017 (January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017)

Although the variable rent of the six *the b* hotels (\*1) is expected to increase compared with the previous forecast, the variable rent of the twelve HMJ hotels (\*2) and the six Accor hotels (\*3) are assumed to be lower than the previous forecast. As a result, JHR expects operating revenue to decrease by \$91 million compared with the previous forecast.

On the other hand, as a result of reviewing expenses, JHR forecasts a decrease in operating expenses such as various expenses related to properties and depreciation, etc. by ¥321 million and a decrease in non-operating expenses, etc. by ¥71 million. Consequently, JHR expects an increase in dividend per unit by ¥90 compared with the previous forecast.

For hotel sales and hotel GOP (\*4) for the twelve HMJ hotels, the six Accor hotels, and the six *the b* hotels, please refer to <Reference Materials 1> <1> Sales and GOP of the Twelve HMJ Hotels, <2> Sales and GOP of the Six Accor Hotels, and <3> Sales and GOP of the Six *the b* Hotels below.

- (\*1) The six *the b* hotels are the b suidobashi, the b akasaka-mitsuke, the b ikebukuro, the b ochanomizu, the b hachioji and the b hakata. The same shall apply hereafter.
- (\*2) The five HMJ hotels are Kobe Meriken Park Oriental Hotel, Oriental Hotel tokyo bay, Namba Oriental Hotel, Hotel Nikko Alivila, and Oriental Hotel Hiroshima. The nine HMJ hotels are the five HMJ hotels plus Okinawa Marriott Resort & Spa, Sheraton Grand Hiroshima Hotel, which is the major facility of ACTIVE-INTER CITY HIROSHIMA, Hotel Centraza Hakata and Holiday Inn Osaka Namba. The twelve HMJ hotels are the nine HMJ hotels plus Hilton Tokyo Narita Airport, International Garden Hotel Narita, and Hotel Nikko Nara. HMJ is the abbreviation for Hotel Management Co., Ltd. The same shall apply hereinafter.
- Note: This document is intended to serve as a press release to make available the information on the revision of the operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th period), and on the notice of operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period) of JHR. This document should not be construed as an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to purchase any investment units or other investment of JHR. Prospective investors are advised to make any investment decisions at their own risk and responsibility.



- (\*3) The six Accor hotels are ibis Tokyo Shinjuku, ibis Styles Kyoto Station, ibis Styles Sapporo, Mercure Sapporo, Mercure Okinawa Naha, and Mercure Yokosuka. The same shall apply hereafter.
- (\*4) GOP is Gross Operating Profit, which is the remaining amount calculated by deducting expenses incurred from hotel operation, such as personnel cost and general and administrative expenses, from hotel sales. The same shall apply hereafter.
- 4. Highlights of the operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the full year of the fiscal year ending December 2018 (January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018)

Comparison between the operating forecast for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th Period) and the operating forecast for the full year of the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th Period), and major factors causing the variance forecast are as follows.

									(millions of yen)
		18th F	Period	19th Period	Compari	son with			
			Forecast This Time	Forecast (*2)	the Pr Fore	cast	Three Properties acquired for the 18th period	Existing Properties	Main Factors Causing the Variance
			(A)	(B)	(B)-(A)	Variance Ratio	(*3)		
Properties	No. of properties	44	44	44	-	-			
	Acquisition price	319,474	319,474	319,474	-	-			
	Operating revenue	25,573	25,482	26,567	1,085	4.3%	1,117	(31)	
	Real estate operating revenue	25,573	25,482	26,567	1,085	4.3%	1,117	(31)	
	Fixed rent	Composition	Composition	Composition		4 70/		-	
Profit and Loss	Variable rent	<ul><li>55.7% 14,240</li><li>44.3% 11,332</li></ul>	<b>55.8%</b> 14,212 <b>44.2%</b> 11,270	<b>56.0%</b> 14,878 <b>44.0%</b> 11,689	419	<u>4.7%</u> 3.7%	453	(34)	①The eight HMJ hotels (*5) increase in variable rent: JPY217M ②Decrease in variable rent due to renovation of Hotel Centraza Hakata : JPY(328)M ③The six Accor hotels increase in income from management contracts, etc.: JPY166M ④The six the b hotels decrease in variable rent: JPY(30)M ⑤Decrease in revenue sharing, etc.: JPY(59)M
	NOI (*4)	21,349	21,418	22,186	768	3.6%	969	(201)	
	NOI yield NOI after	6.7%	6.7%	6.9%	0.2%				
	depreciation (*4)	17,461	17,563	18,062	498	2.8%	731	(232)	
	NOI yield after depreciation	5.5%	5.5%	5.7%	0.2%				
	Operating income	15,523	15,754	16,094	340	2.2%		$\angle$	
	Ordinary income	13,693	13,996	14,295	299	2.1%		$\leq$	
	Net income	13,692	13,994	14,294	299	2.1%			
	Use of negative goodwill	706	768	565	(202)	(26.4)%		ar amortiza	ation JPY262M, loss on retirement of
Dividend	Total dividends	14,398	14,759	14,860	100	0.7%			nd correspondence to dilution JPY374M.
	No. of units issued Dividend per unit		4,010,847	4,010,847 3,705	- 25	- 0.7%			ation JPY262M, loss on retirement of d correspondence to major renovation work
	(JPY)	3,590	5,000	1 2017 (		0.778	JP1205IVI.	1	

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Operating forecast for the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th period) announced in "Midterm Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2017" dated August 22, 2017.

(\*2) For the assumptions of the forecast for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th Period), please see "<Reference Information> Assumptions of the operating forecast for the full year of the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th Period)."

(\*3) Three properties, which are Hilton Tokyo Narita Airport, International Garden Hotel Narita, and Hotel Nikko Nara, purchased in the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th Period).

- (\*4) Each is calculated using the following formula. The same shall apply hereafter.
   NOI (Net Operating Income) = Real estate operating revenue Real estate operating costs + Depreciation + Loss on retirement of noncurrent assets + Asset retirement obligations expenses
   NOI yield = NOI ÷ acquisition price
- Note: This document is intended to serve as a press release to make available the information on the revision of the operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th period), and on the notice of operating forecast and forecast of dividend for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period) of JHR. This document should not be construed as an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to purchase any investment units or other investment of JHR. Prospective investors are advised to make any investment decisions at their own risk and responsibility.



NOI after depreciation = Real estate operating revenue – Real estate operating costs NOI yield after depreciation = NOI after depreciation  $\div$  acquisition price

- (\*5) The eight HMJ hotels are the eight hotels that exclude Hotel Centraza Hakata from the nine HMJ hotels.
- (\*6) For detail of amount for use of negative goodwill in the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th Period), please see "< Reference Information> Assumptions of the operating forecast for the full year of the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period)" below.

The above is the operating forecast as of today, and actual dividend per unit may fluctuate. This forecast does not guarantee the amount of dividend shown above.

\* Website of Japan Hotel REIT Investment Corporation: http://www.jhrth.co.jp/en/



<Reference Information>

Assumptions of the operating forecast for the full year of the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period)

Item	of the operating forecast for	<u>ale fuir year of</u>	•	imptions	ember 2010	1741 period	<u>•</u>	
Calculation	• Full year of the fiscal year	ar ending Dece	mber 2018 (19	th Period): Ja	nuary 1, 201	8 through I	December 3	1, 2018 (365
period	days)							
Assets under management	<ul> <li>The 44 properties owne assets (acquisitions or d However, the actual res place.</li> </ul>	ispositions, etc	.) through the	end of the fi	scal year end	ling Decem	ber 2018 (1	9th period).
	<ul> <li>Operating revenue is call competitiveness of hote facilities other than hote lease contracts is include</li> <li>Rents, etc. of the main h</li> <li>(1) The Twelve HMJ Hote The assumptions of the particular to Total amount of rent= Fill</li> </ul>	els, market env ls, such as reta ed. otels are calcul els fixed rent and v ixed rent + Vari	vironment and il facilities and ated based on t ariable rent for able rent	other factor offices, etc. he following	s. If there a , operating re , assumptions HMJ hotels a	re lease co evenue calc 3. re as follow	ntracts with ulated basec	n regards to
	Variable rent = [Total G			$mount] \times Va$	riable rent ra	tio (%)		
	The fiscal year ending D	ecember 2018	<u> </u>				(Unit: milli	
			Total GOP of	GOP base	Variable	Variable	Fixed	Total
		Midterm	the hotel(s) 3,142	amount	rent ratio	rent 1,247	rent	rent 2,857
	The Five HMJ Hotels	Full year	8,078	1,675 3,351	85.0%	4,018	1,610 3,221	7,239
	Okinawa Marriott	Midterm	439	350		80	274	355
	Resort & Spa	Full year	1,471	700	90.0%	694	550	1,244
		Midterm	428	234		160	174	334
Operating	Sheraton Grand Hiroshima Hotel (*1)		948	468	82.5%	396	348	744
Operating revenue		Full year						
levenue	Hotel Centraza	Midterm	448	212	90.0%	145	199	345
	Hakata (*2)	Full year	586	425		145	400	545
	Holiday Inn	Midterm	607	325	92.5%	261	288	549
	Osaka Namba	Full year	1,269	650		572	576	1,148
	Hilton Tokyo Narita	Midterm	429	275	86.5%	133	222	355
	Airport	Full year	921	550		321	444	765
	International Garden	Midterm	266	180	98.0%	84	168	252
	Hotel Narita	Full year	552	360		188	336	524
	Hotel Nikko Nara	Midterm	416	235	91.5%	165	210	375
		Full year	864	470	71.570	361	420	781
	Total	Midterm	6,178	-	-	2,278	3,147	5,426
	Total	Full year	14,693	-		6,698	6,295	12,993
	(*1) Stating the rent for She	raton Grand Hiro	shima Hotel, the	major facility	of ACTIVE-I	NTER CITY	HIROSHIM	A. Rent from
	the office building and	the retail zone fo	r the fiscal year	ended Decemb	er 2017 (18th	period) is ex	pected to be ¥	212 million
	for the midterm and ¥4	46 million for the	e full year. These	figures includ	e variable rent	t pursuant to	a revenue-lin	ked rent
	agreement with some r	etail tenants (¥6 1	nillion for the m	idterm and ¥13	3 million for th	ne full year).		
	(*2) Due to the impact of	the major renova	ation work schee	luled in the 2	nd half of the	fiscal year e	nding Decen	ber 2018, the
	variable rent for the fu	ll year as a maxin	num amount is r	ecognized as t	he estimated v	ariable rent f	or the midter	n.
fore divi soli	s document is intended to serve ecast of dividend for the fiscal y idend for the fiscal year ending citation of an offer to purchase estment decisions at their own r	ear ended Decem December 2018 ( any investment u	ber 2017 (18th p (19th period) of J nits or other inve	eriod), and on HR. This docu	the notice of a ment should r	operating for not be constru	ecast and fore ied as an offe	ecast of r to sell or

	Assumptions											
	(*3) Please refer to " <reference 1="" materials=""> &lt;1&gt; Sales and GOP of the Twelve HMJ Hotels" below for the comparison of sa and GOP, etc. of the twelve HMJ hotels.</reference>											
	(2) The Six A											
	Income fro	om managemer	nt contracts and	variable rent of	the six Accor I	notels	(Unit: millio	ons of y				
		ibis Tokyo Shinjuku	ibis Styles Kyoto Station	ibis Styles Sapporo	Mercure Sapporo	Mercure Okinawa Naha	Mercure Yokosuka	Tota				
	Midterm	240	249	280	268	238	138	1,41				
	Full year	482	527	668	667	488	262	3,09				
	С		tenant revenue i	is recognized as	parking reven			-				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i>	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels	tenant revenue i ro includes varia	is recognized as able rent which i	parking reven	ue.		-				
,	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i>	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels	tenant revenue i	is recognized as able rent which i Bth Period)	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s	) other than the <u>Unit: millions</u>	hotel.				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i>	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18	is recognized as able rent which i Bth Period) Variable	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s fixed Rent	) other than the <u>Unit: millions</u> Total Rent	hotel. of yen)				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i>	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 	is recognized as able rent which i Bth Period) Variable 1 12	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54	hotel.				
,	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year	is recognized as able rent which i Bth Period) Variable n 12 r 27	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112	hotel.				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y	ontracts. Such Mercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec bashi	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year Midterm	is recognized as able rent which i Bth Period) Variable n 12 r 27 n 49	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84 68	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112 118	hotel.				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y the b suidol	ontracts. Such Mercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec bashi	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year Full year Full year	is recognized as able rent which i Bth Period) Variable N 12 r 27 n 49 r 99	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84 68 136	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112 118 236	hotel. of yen)				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y the b suidol	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec bashi ka-mitsuke	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year Full year Full year Midterm	is recognized as able rent which i Bth Period) Variable n 12 r 27 n 49 r 99 n 65	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84 68 136 109	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112 118 236 175	hotel. of yen)				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y the b suidol the b akasa the b ikebu	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec bashi ka-mitsuke kuro	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Full year Full year	is recognized as able rent which is Bath Period) Variable n 12 r 27 n 49 r 99 n 65 r 137	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84 68 136 109 219	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112 118 236 175 357	hotel. of yen)				
	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y the b suidol the b akasa	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec bashi ka-mitsuke kuro	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Full year Full year Midterm	is recognized as able rent which is able rent able rent able able rent able rent able rent able able rent able rent a	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84 68 136 109	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112 118 236 175	hotel. of yen)				
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	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y the b suidol the b akasa the b ikebu the b ochan the b hachie	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec bashi ka-mitsuke kuro homizu	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Midterm	is recognized as able rent which is Bath Period) Variable n 12 r 27 n 49 r 99 n 65 r 137 n 16 r 36 n 30 r 63	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84 68 136 109 219 34 69 61	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112 118 236 175 357 51 105 92	hotel. of yen)				
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	(*3) M (3) The Six <i>th</i> The fiscal y the b suidol the b akasa the b ikebu the b ochan the b hachie	ontracts. Such Aercure Sappo he b Hotels year ended Dec bashi ka-mitsuke kuro homizu	tenant revenue i ro includes varia cember 2017 (18 Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Midterm Full year Midterm	is recognized as able rent which is able rent able able rent able rent able rent able able rent able rent able rent able rent able rent able rent able able rent able	parking reven s linked to the	ue. sales of tenant(s) Fixed Rent 42 84 68 136 109 219 34 69 61 122 44	) other than the Unit: millions Total Rent 54 112 118 236 175 357 51 105 92 185 119	hotel. of yen)				

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Item		Assumptions		
	(4) Other hotels subject to variable rent			
	Variable rent from other hotels subject to variable	e rent (	Unit: millions of yen)	
		Midterm	Full year	
	Smile Hotel Nihombashi Mitsukoshimae	18	18	
	Hotel Vista Kamata Tokyo	_	16	
Operating	Chisun Inn Kamata	37	79	
revenue	Hotel Keihan Universal City	Undisclosed (*)	Undisclosed (*)	
Tevenue	Hotel Sunroute Shinbashi	97	97	
	Hilton Tokyo Bay	Undisclosed (*)	Undisclosed (*)	
	Hilton Nagoya	Undisclosed (*)	Undisclosed (*)	
	Total	816	1,356	



Item		Assumptions		
	• The following is the breakdown of variable rent an <breakdown end<="" fiscal="" for="" of="" rent="" td="" the="" variable="" year=""><td>ling December 2018</td><td>(19th period)&gt;</td><td></td></breakdown>	ling December 2018	(19th period)>	
		Midterm	Unit: millions of yen) Full year	
	The Twelve HMJ Hotels (*2)	2,285	6,712	
	The Six Accor Hotels	1,415	3,096	
	The Six <i>the b</i> Hotels	250	524	
Operating	Other hotels with variable rent (7 hotels)	816	1,356	
revenue	Total (31 hotels)	4,767	11,689	
	<ul> <li>(*1) For details of variable rent and income from the hotel business (1) Rent structures of hote of the "Midterm Financial Report for the December 31, 2017)" dated August 22, 2017</li> <li>(*2) These figures include ¥6 million for the midt a revenue-linked rent agreement with some revenue-linked rent agreement agree</li></ul>	els with variable rent, Fiscal Year Ending erm and ¥13 million etail tenants.	management contract or reve December 31, 2017 (Janua for the full year as variable re	enue sharing," ary 1, 2017 – ent pursuant to
Operating expenses	<ul> <li>other than depreciation are calculated based on hi</li> <li>It is assumed that ¥1,693 million will be recognitated taxes and public dues.</li> <li>In general, fixed asset tax and city planning tax are the previous owners at the time of acquisition, calculated asset tax and city planning tax are the previous owners at the time of acquisition previod. Also, the fixed asset tax and city planning for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th International Garden Hotel Narita, and Hotel Nik period) are assumed to be ¥124 million, which is 12 months).</li> <li>Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line planned capital expenditures ¥3,186 million (capmillion, and capital expenditures III ¥391 million (*) JHR classifies capital expenditures and furniture necessary for operating hotels, and (III) stramaintaining/improving the competitiveness of amount for various reasons, such as; (1) Emergen from unexpected causes; (2) The amount of reparation and (3) Repair expenses are not required on a regulated of the straight expension of the straight expension.</li> </ul>	ized as expenses for and other taxes and pul- lculated on a pro rata rice, and it will not be g tax and other taxes period) for the thre ko Nara) acquired in equivalent to nine m e method, and is esti- bital expenditures I ¥ (*)) for the fiscal yea e following three ca ant which is required that are not directly n tegic capital investme of the hotels. expenses in the estim- each operating period cy repair expenses m ir expenses generally	fixed asset tax, city planning plic dues on acquired assets a basis of the holding period. It e recognized as expenses for t and public dues to be recorded e properties (Hilton Tokyo N the fiscal year ended Decemb onths (¥166 million, which is mated to be ¥4,083 million, 1,898 million, capital expend r ending December 2018 (196 tegories. (I) Capital investm to maintain proper values of p elated to building structure o ent such as renovating guest r nated amount necessary for e d may differ materially from ay be necessary due to damag	tax and other re settled with For JHR, such the calculation ed as expenses Narita Airport, ber 2017 (18th s equivalent to including the litures II ¥897 th period). nent related to properties, (II) or facilities but rooms, etc. for each operating n the forecast ge to buildings
Non-operating expenses	<ul> <li>¥1,806 million is expected for all non-opera amortization for the following (1) handling fees a</li> <li>Expenses for issuance of new investment units an by the straight-line method.</li> </ul>	nd (2) derivative instr	ruments (interest rate caps).	



Item	Assumptions						
Interest- bearing debt	<ul> <li>The balance of interest-bearing debt (sum of loans and investment corporation bonds) was ¥140,399 million. December 31, 2017, and it is assumed that the balance of interest-bearing debt will be ¥140,374 million. December 31, 2018.</li> <li>It is assumed that ¥17,997 million loans, which are due in the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period) be refinanced.</li> <li>It is assumed that the contractual repayment in the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period) in the are of ¥25 million will be paid by cash on hand.</li> </ul>	n as of d), will					
Issuance of	• The number of investment units issued as of today (4,010,847 units) is assumed.						
investment	• It is assumed that there will be no additional issuance of investment units through to the end of the fiscal ye	ar					
units	ending December 2018 (19th period).						
	• Dividend per unit for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period) is calculated based on the following assumptions.	ing					
	Net income ¥14,294 million						
	Use of reserve for temporary difference adjustment (negative goodwill)						
	Negative goodwill – 50-year amortization amount (*1)¥262 million						
	Loss on retirement of noncurrent assets (*2) ¥38 million						
	Correspondence to major renovation (*3) ¥265 million						
	Distributable amount ¥14,860 million						
	Total number of investment units issued4,010,847 units						
	Dividend per unit ¥3,705						
Dividend per unit	<ul> <li>maximum amount, for every year from the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th period).</li> <li>(*2) The amount recognized as a loss on retirement of noncurrent assets will be appropriated by rese temporary difference adjustment (negative goodwill) and is expected to have no impact on divide unit.</li> <li>(*3) Major renovation (hereinafter the "Renovation") is planned to be implemented at Hotel Centraza a Renovation will suspend the hotel operation from October 2018 to the end of March 2019. Taki consideration the effect of the Renovation on dividend, ¥265 million, which is equivalent difference between NOI after depreciation of Hotel Centraza Hakata for the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th period) and NOI after depreciation for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th pwill be appropriated by reserve for temporary difference adjustment (negative goodwill). In caperiod of the Renovation is changed, the amount to be reversed from reserve for temporary difference adjustment may be reviewed.</li> </ul>	and the ng into to the cember period), ase the					
	<ul> <li>Dividend per unit may fluctuate due to various causes, such as fluctuation of rent revenue resulting from change in assets under management, change of tenants, etc. at hotels, change in the business environment for hotel business of tenants, etc., unexpected repairs, and actual number of new units issued, etc.</li> <li>The remaining balance of the reserve for temporary difference adjustment (negative goodwill) after the appropriation of the reserve for temporary difference adjustment (negative goodwill) for dividends for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period) is expected to be ¥11,793 million.</li> </ul>						
fore divi solid	is document is intended to serve as a press release to make available the information on the revision of the operating forecast a ecast of dividend for the fiscal year ended December 2017 (18th period), and on the notice of operating forecast and forecast or vidend for the fiscal year ending December 2018 (19th period) of JHR. This document should not be construed as an offer to se icitation of an offer to purchase any investment units or other investment of JHR. Prospective investors are advised to make ar vestment decisions at their own risk and responsibility.	of ell or					

 Dividend
 Per unit

 resulting
 • It is assumed that the excess of earnings (dividend per unit resulting from excess of earnings) will not be distributed.

 of earnings
 • It is assumed that revision in law, tax system, accounting standard, regulations of the listing, regulations of The Investment Trusts Association, Japan that may impact the forecast above will not be made.

 Other
 • It is assumed that unexpected major incident will not occur in the general economy, real estate market and hotel business environment, etc.

 • The numerical values are rounded down to the nearest millions of yen in the assumptions above.

JAPAN HOTEL REIT



#### <Reference Materials 1>

Of the hotels that have adopted variable rent, the following presents sales and GOP of the twelve HMJ hotels, the six Accor hotels and the six *the b* hotels. The numerical figures are based on figures obtained from hotel lessees, etc. Please note that these numbers have not been audited or gone through other procedures. No guarantee is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the numbers and information. Sales and GOP are rounded off to the nearest millions of yen. Comparison with the previous period is rounded off to one decimal place.

#### <1> Sales and GOP of the Twelve HMJ Hotels

(1) Hotel sales (by hotel)

						J)	Jnit: millio	ns of yen)
			2016		FY 2017			2018
			ear ended	(Fiscal yea		ember 2017)		ear ending
		Decemb	er 2016)	-			Decemi	per 2018)
Sales of the Twelv	ve HMJ Hotels	Actual	Comparison with the previous period	Forecast this time First half: actual Second half: forecast	Comparison with the previous forecast	Comparison with the previous period	Forecast this time	Comparison with the previous period
	First half of the year	2,465	1.7%	2,431	0.0%	(1.4)%	2,510	3.3%
Kobe Meriken Park Oriental Hotel	Second half of the year	2,896	2.4%	2,919	1.7%	0.8%	2,861	(2.0)%
Onemai moter	Full year	5,361	2.1%	5,350	0.9%	(0.2)%	5,371	0.4%
	First half of the year	3,454	1.7%	3,319	0.0%	(3.9)%	3,276	(1.3)%
Oriental Hotel	Second half of the year	3,817	(2.8)%	3,521	(3.4)%	(7.8)%	3,611	2.6%
tokyo bay	Full year	7,271	(0.7)%	6,840	(1.8)%	(5.9)%	6,887	0.7%
	First half of the year	1,386	16.6%	1,394	0.0%	0.6%	1,421	1.9%
Namba Oriental Hotel	Second half of the year	1,491	11.1%	1,487	1.1%	(0.2)%	1,531	2.9%
	Full year	2,877	13.7%	2,882	0.6%	0.1%	2,952	2.5%
	First half of the year	2,421	1.8%	2,568	0.0%	6.1%	2,682	4.4%
Hotel Nikko Alivila	Second half of the year	3,734	4.6%	3,817	0.1%	2.2%	4,011	5.1%
	Full year	6,155	3.5%	6,385	0.1%	3.7%	6,693	4.8%
	First half of the year	1,025	3.4%	993	0.0%	(3.0)%	966	(2.7)%
Oriental Hotel	Second half of the year	1,216	6.4%	1,154	(4.6)%	(5.1)%	1,206	4.5%
Hiroshima	Full year	2,240	5.0%	2,147	(2.5)%	(4.2)%	2,172	1.2%
	First half of the year	10,751	3.6%	10,706	0.0%	(0.4)%	10,856	1.4%
Total of the Five	Second half of the year	13,154	2.7%	12,898	(0.9)%	(1.9)%	13,220	2.5%
HMJ Hotels	Full year	23,905	3.1%	23,604	(0.5)%	(1.3)%	24,076	2.0%
	First half of the year	1,607	(0.4)%	1,692	0.0%	5.3%	1,759	3.9%
Okinawa Marriott	Second half of the year	2,326	(3.2)%	2,471	2.8%	6.2%	2,537	2.7%
Resort & Spa	Full year	3,933	(2.1)%	4,163	1.6%	5.9%	4,296	3.2%
	First half of the year	1,369	1.7%	1,601	0.0%	17.0%	1,536	(4.1)%
Sheraton Grand	Second half of the year	1,627	8.3%	1,729	12.6%	6.3%	1,721	(0.5)%
Hiroshima Hotel	Full year	2,996	5.2%	3,330	6.2%	11.2%	3,257	(2.2)%
	First half of the year	1,155	2.8%	1,266	0.0%	9.5%	1,195	(5.5)%
Hotel Centraza Hakata	Second half of the year	1,265	5.0%	1,197	2.4%	(5.4)%	641	(46.4)%
	Full year	2,421	3.9%	2,463	1.2%	1.7%	1,837	(25.4)%
	First half of the year	1,104	32.7%	1,011	0.0%	(8.4)%	1,025	1.3%
Holiday Inn	Second half of the year	1,103	(2.7)%	1,060	(0.1)%	(3.8)%	1,090	2.8%
Osaka Namba	Full year	2,206	12.3%	2,072	(0.0)%	(6.1)%	2,115	2.1%
	First half of the year	15,985	4.5%	16,276	0.0%	1.8%	16,370	0.6%
Total of Nine HMJ	Second half of the year	19,476	2.2%	19,356	0.9%	(0.6)%	19,210	(0.8)%
Group Hotels	Full year	35,461	3.3%	35,632	0.5%	0.5%	35,580	(0.1)%

Note:



							(Unit: milli	ons of yen)
		F	Y 2016		FY 2017		FY 2	
			year ended	(Fiscal year	ended Deceml	per 2017)	(Fiscal yea	
		Decer	mber 2016)				December 2018)	
Sales of the Ty	velve HMJ Hotels	Actual	Comparison with the previous period	Forecast this time First half: actual Second half: forecast	Comparison with the previous forecast	Actual	Comparison with the previous period	Forecast this time First half: actual Second half: forecast
Uliter Televe	First half of the year	1,420	(0.8)%	1,542	0.0%	8.6%	1,575	2.2%
Hilton Tokyo Narita Airport	Second half of the year	1,566	2.8%	1,683	0.7%	7.4%	1,678	(0.3)%
Nanta Anport	Full year	2,986	1.1%	3,224	0.4%	8.0%	3,253	0.9%
International	First half of the year	734	11.9%	705	0.0%	(4.1)%	692	(1.8)%
Garden Hotel	Second half of the year	718	8.5%	727	(0.5)%	1.2%	728	0.2%
Narita	Full year	1,453	10.2%	1,431	(0.3)%	(1.5)%	1,420	(0.8)%
	First half of the year	1,483	(1.4)%	1,458	0.0%	(1.7)%	1,501	3.0%
Hotel Nikko Nara	Second half of the year	1,521	(2.4)%	1,515	(0.0)%	(0.4)%	1,578	4.2%
	Full year	3,003	(1.9)%	2,973	(0.0)%	(1.0)%	3,079	3.6%
Total of the	First half of the year	19,622	3.9%	19,980	0.0%	1.8%	20,139	0.8%
Twelve HMJ	Second half of the year	23,281	2.1%	23,280	0.8%	(0.0)%	23,194	(0.4)%
Hotels	Full year	42,903	2.9%	43,260	0.4%	0.8%	43,333	0.2%

#### (Reference)

(Reference)								
Total of the	First half of the year	18,467	4.0%	18,715	0.0%	1.3%	18,943	1.2%
Eleven HMJ	Second half of the year	22,015	2.0%	22,083	0.7%	0.3%	22,553	2.1%
Hotels (*3)	Full year	40,483	2.9%	40,797	0.4%	0.8%	41,496	1.7%

(\*1) Hotel Centraza Hakata and Holiday Inn Osaka Namba were acquired on April 1, 2016 and August 1, 2016, respectively. The figures for the fiscal year ended December 2016 are for the entire year including prior to the acquisition.

(\*2) For the properties acquired during the fiscal year ended December 2017 (Hilton Tokyo Narita Airport, International Garden Hotel Narita, and Hotel Nikko Nara), the figures for the fiscal year ended December 2016 and the fiscal year ended December 2017 are the numbers for the entire year including period prior to the acquisition.

(\*3) The figures are the total amount of the Eleven HMJ Hotels excluding Hotel Centraza Hakata in order to exclude the impact of the major renovation of Hotel Centraza Hakata which is planning to suspend the hotel operation from October 2018 to the end of March 2019.

#### (2) Hotel GOP

							(Unit: milli	ions of yen)
		FY 2016 (Fiscal year ended December 2016)		(Fiscal year	FY 2017 ended Decemb	er 2017)	FY 2018 (Fiscal year ending December 2018)	
GOP and Ra of the Twelve H		Actual	Comparison with the previous period	First nail: actual	Comparison with the previous forecast	Actual	Comparison with the previous period	Forecast this time First half: actual Second half: forecast
Total of the Nine	GOP	12,010	10.1%	12,457	0.2%	3.7%	12,355	(0.8)%
HMJ Hotels	Ratio of GOP	33.9%	2.1%	35.0%	(0.1)%	1.1%	34.7%	(0.2)%
Total of the Twelve HMJ Hotels	GOP	14,124	10.4%	14,701	0.0%	4.1%	14,693	(0.1)%
	Ratio of GOP	32.9%	2.2%	34.0%	(0.1)%	1.1%	33.9%	(0.1)%

(Reference)
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(								
Total of the Eleven	GOP	13,299	10.1%	13,750	(0.3)%	3.4%	14,107	2.6%
HMJ Hotels	Ratio of GOP	32.9%	2.2%	33.7%	(0.2)%	0.9%	34.0%	0.3%



- (\*1) Ratio of GOP refers to the ratio of GOP to sales. The same shall apply hereinafter.
- (\*2) Hotel Centraza Hakata and Holiday Inn Osaka Namba were acquired on April 1, 2016 and August 1, 2016, respectively. The figures for the fiscal year ended December 2016 are for the entire year including prior to the acquisition.
- (\*3) For the properties acquired during the fiscal year ended December 2017 (Hilton Tokyo Narita Airport, International Garden Hotel Narita, and Hotel Nikko Nara), the figures for the fiscal year ended December 2016 and the fiscal year ended December 2017 are numbers for the entire year including period prior to the acquisition..



<2> Sales and GOP of the Six Accor Hotels

(1) Hotel sales (by hotel)

(Unit: mi								lions of yen)
Sales of the Six Accor Hotels		FY 2016 (Fiscal year ended December 2016)		(Fiscal yea	FY 2017 ar ended Dece	FY 2018 (Fiscal year ending December 2018)		
		Actual	Comparison with the previous period	Forecast this time First half: actual Second half: forecast	Comparison with the previous forecast	Comparison with the previous period	Forecast this time	Comparison with the previous period
	First half of the year	406	(10.3)%	365	0.0%	(10.1)%	479	31.2%
ibis Tokyo Shinjuku	Second half of the year	426	1.3%	408	(6.9)%	(4.3)%	486	19.1%
	Full year	832	(4.7)%	773	(3.8)%	(7.1)%	965	24.8%
ibia Styles Vyota	First half of the year	464	30.0%	482	0.0%	3.7%	460	(4.4)%
ibis Styles Kyoto Station	Second half of the year	513	12.3%	502	(4.7)%	(2.1)%	496	(1.2)%
	Full year	977	20.1%	984	(2.5)%	0.7%	957	(2.8)%
	First half of the year	490	14.3%	548	0.0%	11.9%	576	5.0%
ibis Styles Sapporo	Second half of the year	633	7.1%	667	(0.6)%	5.5%	703	5.3%
	Full year	1,122	10.1%	1,215	(0.4)%	8.3%	1,278	5.2%
	First half of the year	546	9.3%	596	0.0%	9.3%	623	4.4%
Mercure Sapporo	Second half of the year	708	5.3%	753	0.5%	6.4%	789	4.8%
	Full year	1,254	7.0%	1,350	0.3%	7.6%	1,412	4.6%
Mercure Okinawa	First half of the year	489	20.2%	532	0.0%	8.7%	553	4.0%
Naha	Second half of the year	560	8.6%	563	(3.1)%	0.6%	575	2.1%
	Full year	1,049	13.7%	1,095	(1.6)%	4.4%	1,128	3.0%
	First half of the year	569	3.5%	551	0.0%	(3.2)%	549	(0.4)%
Mercure Yokosuka	Second half of the year	502	(2.0)%	487	(7.1)%	(2.9)%	535	9.9%
	Full year	1,071	0.8%	1,038	(3.5)%	(3.1)%	1,084	4.4%
	First half of the year	2,965	10.0%	3,074	0.0%	3.7%	3,240	5.4%
Total of the Six Accor Hotels	Second half of the year	3,341	5.5%	3,381	(3.2)%	1.2%	3,584	6.0%
	Full year	6,306	7.6%	6,455	(1.7)%	2.4%	6,824	5.7%

(\*) ibis Tokyo Shinjuku has implemented the renovation of the guest rooms with suspension of sales in a part of guest rooms for both the fiscal year ended December 2016 and the fiscal year ended December 2017.

## (2) Hotel GOP

						(Unit:	millions of yen)
GOP and ratio of GOP of the Six Accor Hotels	FY 2016 (Fiscal year ended December 2016)		FY 2017 (Fiscal year ended December 2017)			FY 2018 (Fiscal year ending December 2018)	
	Actual	Comparison with previous period	Forecast this time	Comparison with the previous forecast	Comparison with previous period	Forecast this time	Comparison with previous period
Total of the Six Accor Hotels	2,885	14.9%	3,001	(1.3)%	4.0%	3,158	5.2%
Ratio of GOP to sales	45.8%	2.9%	46.5%	0.2%	0.7%	46.3%	(0.2)%



<3> Sales and GOP of the Six *the b* Hotels

(1) Hotel sales (by hotel)

							· ·	ions of yen)
Sales of the Six <i>the b</i> Hotels		FY 2016 (Fiscal year ended December 2016)		(Fiscal yea	FY 2017 ar ended Dec	FY 2018 (Fiscal year ending December 2018)		
		Actual	Compariso n with previous period	Forecast this time First half: actual Second half: forecast	Comparison with the previous forecast	Comparison with previous period	Forecast this time	Compariso n with previous period
	First half of the year	242	9.4%	215	0.0%	(11.2)%	208	(3.3)%
the b akasaka-mitsuke	Second half of the year	226	(6.7)%	219	(1.5)%	(3.2)%	210	(3.9)%
	Full year	468	1.0%	434	(0.8)%	(7.4)%	418	(3.6)%
	First half of the year	323	7.3%	306	0.0%	(5.3)%	306	(0.0)%
the b ikebukuro	Second half of the year	312	(3.7)%	311	(1.9)%	(0.5)%	316	1.7%
	Full year	635	1.6%	616	(1.0)%	(2.9)%	621	0.8%
	First half of the year	131	(0.8)%	130	0.0%	(0.9)%	130	0.0%
the b ochanomizu	Second half of the year	135	3.5%	134	0.1%	(0.9)%	133	(0.3)%
	Full year	266	1.3%	264	0.1%	(0.9)%	263	(0.2)%
	First half of the year	291	9.0%	266	0.0%	(8.5)%	271	2.0%
the b hachioji	Second half of the year	273	(6.1)%	281	2.6%	2.9%	275	(2.1)%
	Full year	564	1.1%	547	1.3%	(3.0)%	547	(0.1)%
	First half of the year	230	20.6%	244	0.0%	5.9%	251	3.2%
the b hakata	Second half of the year	249	15.5%	265	2.5%	6.7%	271	2.1%
	Full year	478	17.9%	509	1.3%	6.4%	522	2.6%
	First half of the year	177	_	173	0.0%	(2.1)%	173	(0.2)%
the b suidobashi	Second half of the year	174	—	178	(0.4)%	2.2%	179	0.7%
	Full year	351		351	(0.2)%	(0.0)%	352	0.3%
	First half of the year	1,394	—	1,333	0.0%	(4.3)%	1,339	0.4%
Total of the Six <i>the b</i> Hotels	Second half of the year	1,369	_	1,388	0.3%	1.3%	1,385	(0.2)%
	Full year	2,763	_	2,721	0.1%	(1.5)%	2,724	0.1%

(\*) The b suidobashi was rebranded from Dormy Inn Suidobashi on July 1, 2015. Therefore, no figures are indicated in the b suidobashi and Total of the Six *the b* Hotels for comparison with the previous period for the fiscal year ended December 2016.

### (2) Hotel GOP

						(Unit: mi	llions of yen)
GOP and the ratio of GOP of the Six <i>the b</i> Hotels	FY 2016 (Fiscal year ended December 2016)		(Fiscal yea	FY 2017 r ended Decer	FY 2018 (Fiscal year ending December 2018)		
	Actual	Comparison with previous period	Forecast this time	Comparison with the previous forecast	Comparison with previous period	Forecast this time	Comparison with previous period
Total of the Six the b Hotels	1,370	-	1,299	0.9%	(5.2)%	1,265	(2.6)%
Ratio of GOP to sales	49.6%	-	47.7%	0.4%	(1.9)%	46.5%	(1.3)%

(\*) The b suidobashi was rebranded from Dormy Inn Suidobashi on July 1, 2015. Therefore, no figures are indicated in the comparison with the previous period for the fiscal year ended December 2016.